



Teacher Notes for Ultimate Non-Calculator Challenge

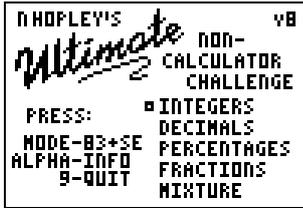
Compatibility: TI-83+/83+SE/84+/84+SE

Run The Program Called: **NONCALC**

► Summary

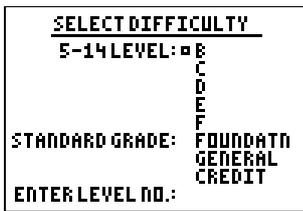
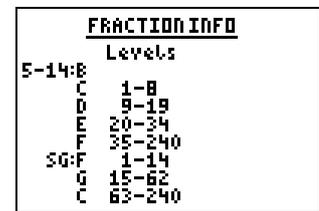
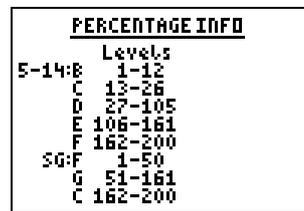
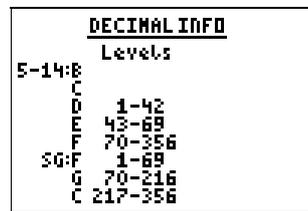
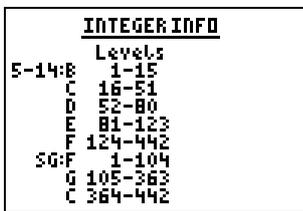
This program is designed to do as it is named - it will randomly generate questions according to the user's choice of topic, complexity and phrasing, using a database of over 1200 distinct levels, with the option of being timed on each question! After 10 questions, a performance summary screen is shown, and then you have the opportunity to do corrections of those questions that were repeatedly answered wrong.

► Features



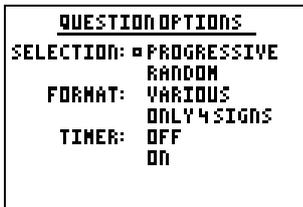
On the front title page, press **MODE** to cycle through 83+, 83+SE, 84+ and 84+SE. This selection ensures that the timing clock goes at the correct speed, when it is selected.

To view information on each category of questions, move the up and down using the arrow keys and press **ALPHA** to get one of the below four illustrated information screens, or press **ENTER** to select the category.



With the exception of **DECIMALS** and **FRACTIONS**, all topics have questions covering 5-14 levels B to F and Standard Grade levels F, G & C

If you wish to answer 10 questions on a specific level number, then press **ENTER** with the box against the bottom item. The arrow keys then increase the level number by ± 1 and ± 10 .



PROGRESSIVE gives 10 questions that becoming increasingly complex.

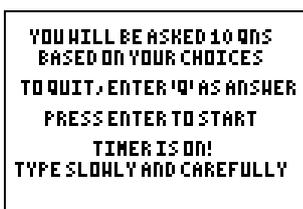
RANDOM gives 10 random questions from the chosen difficulty level.

VARIOUS chooses questions to be given in a variety of visual formats.

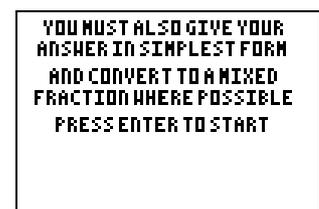
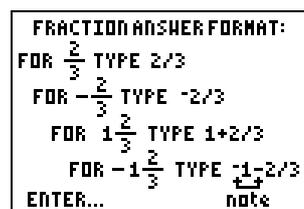
ONLY 4 SIGNS means all questions will be given using only +, -, \times and \div

When **VARIOUS** is chosen, both visual layout and phrasing of the question are changed. For example, amongst others, the words “sum”, “product”, “from X take Y”, “take Y from X” and “difference” are used. Questions can also be shown in a “vertical” layout format for +, - and \times , or in long division format for \div calculations.

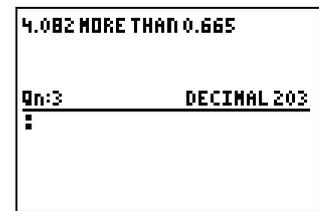
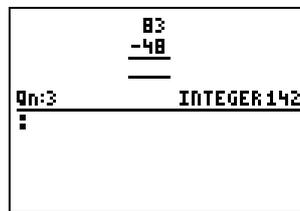
The **VARIOUS** option cannot be selected for **FRACTIONS**, and the **ONLY 4 SIGNS** option cannot be selected for **PERCENTAGES**. For this topic, it can also ask for amounts to be increased and decreased by specified %'s. eg if it asked for 6 INCREASED BY 300%, then that would be 24.



With the timer on, type answers slowly - the clock will slow during entry so your time is not affected.



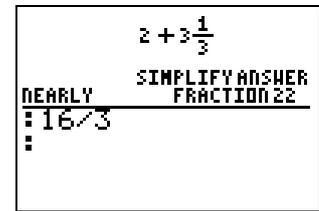
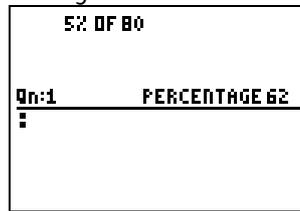
Be careful to use the minus button (–), rather than the subtract button when entering negative answers, but note the convention needed for entering fractional answers.



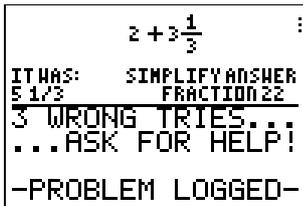
On the **FRACTIONS** level, you must enter answers as fractions, not decimal equivalents.

If you enter +, –, * or / in your answer for topics other than **FRACTIONS**, then this will be interpreted as trying to do a calculation and you will be accused of cheating!

The number on the right next to the chosen category name, is the level number that you are currently being asked on.



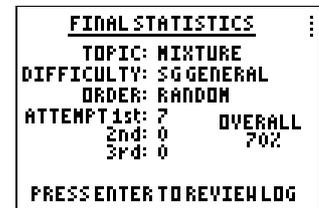
For **FRACTIONS**, if you type in an answer that is equivalent to the correct one, then you have one more chance to enter the correct answer.



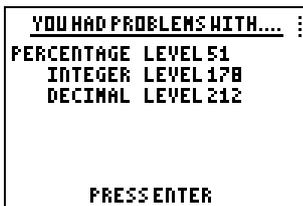
If you enter in three wrong answers, on any topic or level, the problem is logged for checking and correcting later. The next question will be on the same level and topic, so it is worth the students acting on the message that they are told!

If an answer with a syntax error is entered, the program will stop and report the error. If this happens, run the program NONCALC again and the first screen displayed will give you the option of returning to the current question.

At the end of 10 questions, they are presented with a summary stats screen that details how many questions were answered correctly on the 1st, 2nd and 3rd attempts, along with an overall percentage and the mean time per question, if the TIMER was ON.

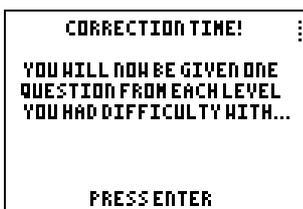


If they type “Q” to quit, their stats so far are shown, which includes the



question that they chose not to answer as an incorrect response.

Where there were questions that were logged after 3 incorrect inputs, then the next screen shows which levels these were, before it progresses to delivering a similar question on each level for “correction”.



► Suggestions

As there are a large number of options for the user to select from, it is recommended that this program is used “little and often” with classes. This will allow students to become familiar with the type of challenges they will have to complete and be aware of the increase in difficulty when moving from Foundation to General, say, or General to Credit.

If they wish, the teacher can also use the OHP Display Acetate to help students become conversant with the words and layout of questions that they will face.

The program is best used for consolidation of techniques, rather than for introduction of new methods. However, each type of problem can often present a unique type of question for which “shortcuts” can be employed and it is not always possible to anticipate these in advance. There will always be an amount of “here’s a way to tackle that particular question...”

► Grade Descriptors

The following table roughly outlines what each level contains
- further details can be found in official 5-14 and Standard Grade Documentation.

Level	INTEGERS	DECIMALS	PERCENTAGES	FRACTIONS
5-14 B	1⇨2 sf's, mainly +, but also ×.	n/a	100% of 1⇨3 sf's	n/a
5-14 C	1⇨3 sf's, mainly +, -, but also ×, ÷.	n/a	10% of 1⇨2 sf's	a unitary fraction +, -, ×, a N number.
5-14 D	1⇨4 sf's, mainly +, -, but also ×, ÷.	1⇨4 sf's, 1⇨2 dp's, mainly +, -.	1%, 5%'s, 10%'s, 100%'s of 1⇨3 sf's	as level C, with larger numbers.
5-14 E	1⇨4 sf's, mix of +, -, ×, ÷.	as level D, but also ×, ÷ by N nos.	as level D, but harder numbers.	simple mixed fractions +, -, ×, a N number
5-14 F	as B to E, but both Q & A can be ∈ Z	as level E, but up to 1⇨4 dp's with ×, ÷	any % of 1⇨3 sf's	from level E to +, -, ×, ÷ of mixed fractions
SG F	as levels B to E	as levels D to E	as levels C, $\frac{1}{2}$ of D + E	as levels C to D
SG G	as levels E to F, but no × or ÷ of -ve's.	as levels E to F, but answers can be -ve.	the other $\frac{1}{2}$ of levels D + E	as level E to include +, -, × of simple fractions.
SG C	+ , - , × , ÷ on 1⇨4 sf integers.	1⇨4 sf's, 1⇨4 dp's, with + , - , × , ÷.	as level F	as level F

The table below roughly outlines an equivalent table that would be for the National Curriculum of England and Wales, and GCSE Examination Tiered papers

Level	INTEGERS	DECIMALS	PERCENTAGES	FRACTIONS
NC 3	1⇨3 sf's, mainly +, but also ×.	n/a	100% of 1⇨3 sf's	a unitary fraction +, -, ×, a N number.
NC 4	1⇨4 sf's, mainly +, -, but also ×, ÷.	1⇨4 sf's, 1⇨2 dp's, mainly +, -.	10% of 1⇨2 sf's	simple mixed fractions +, -, ×, a N number
NC 5	1⇨4 sf's, mainly ×, ÷, but also +, -.	as level 4, but also ×, ÷ by multiples of 10^n	1%, 5%'s, 10%'s, 100%'s of 1⇨3 sf's	simple +, -, × using at least 1 unitary fraction
NC 6	as 3 to 5, but both Qn & Ans can be ∈ Z	as levels 4 and 5, but also 3 dp's and some -ve answers	as level 5, but harder numbers.	+ , - , × , ÷ with simple mixed fractions
NC 7	as 6, but with more complex negative qns.	as levels 4 to 6, but also 4 dp's	any % of 1⇨3 sf's	as level 6 but with non-unitary fractions.
GCSE Foundation	roughly as NC levels 3 and 4	as levels 4 and 5	as levels 3, 4 and $\frac{1}{2}$ of 5	as levels 3 to 5, with some of 6.
GCSE Intermediate	roughly as NC levels 5 to 7	as levels 6 and 7	the other $\frac{1}{2}$ of level 5 and up to 1sf % of 1⇨3 sf's	as level 6.
GCSE Higher	more demanding 4 sf and negative qns	qns with both 3 and 4 sf's, and some -ve answers.	2⇨3 sf's % of any quantity	as level 7.

► Acknowledgements

A section of code used in this program is gratefully acknowledged to Raymond Bonneau.

FRACTION ANSWER FORMAT:

FOR $\frac{2}{3}$ TYPE 2/3

FOR $-\frac{2}{3}$ TYPE -2/3

FOR $1\frac{2}{3}$ TYPE 1+2/3

FOR $-1\frac{2}{3}$ TYPE $\overline{-1-2/3}$

ENTER... note

A+B add A and B
 A plus B

A A added onto B
 B sum of A and B
 + A more than B

E × F times E by F
 multiple E by F

E E lots of F
 × E times F
 product of E and F
 if E=2, 3 or 4:
 double, triple or
 quadruple F

C-D take D from C
 from C take D

C C subtract D
 - C minus D
 C take away D
 D less than C

difference between C and D

G ÷ H divide G by H
 G divided by H

H $\overline{)G}$ G split into H parts
 H divided into G

G if H=2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 100
 half of G, third of G,
 quarter of G, a fifth
 of G, a tenth of G,
 hundredth of G.

